SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 29-Aug-2022



Revision Number 4

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name CARBOFILL (COMPONENT B)

Product Code(s) 000000052065

Other means of identification

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SULPHURIC ACID AND

PHOSPHORIC ACID)

UN number 3264

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Mixed with Carbofill Component A to form phenolic foam.

Uses advised against No information available.

Supplier

Minova Australia Pty Ltd ABN: 084 965 962 102 Albatross Road, Nowra, NSW 2541 Australia

Telephone Number: 1300 MINOVA (1300 646 682) Facsimile: 1300 FAXMINOVA (1300 329 646)

Website: www.minovaglobal.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Label elements

Corrosion

Exclamation mark





Hazard statements

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep only in original packaging

Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
4-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid	98-67-9	30-60%
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	25-55%
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	1-<15%
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	-	to 100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is

difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial

respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and

continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

Ingestion Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Do NOT

induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Self-protection of the first aiderUse personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid

contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. Burning. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Erythema (skin redness). May

cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Can cause corneal burns.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. Product is a corrosive material. Use of

gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and

high pulse pressure.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Not combustible, however, if material is involved in a fire use:. Dry chemical, CO2, water

spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Corrosive. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to

produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides. Oxides of sulfur. Phosphorus oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Cool containers with

flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Hazchem code 2X

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Attention! Corrosive material. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Ensure adequate Personal precautions

ventilation. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Use

personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information.

Other information Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Keep out of waterways. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to Methods for containment

containers. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. After Methods for cleaning up

cleaning, flush away traces with water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Use personal protection equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not get

in eyes. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Handle in accordance with good

industrial hygiene and safety practice.

General hygiene considerations Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep/store only in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and **Storage Conditions**

> well-ventilated place. Store under cover in a dry place. Store locked up. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible

materials described in Section 10.

This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in

accordance with the relevant regulations.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents. Alkalis. Metals.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace **Exposure Limits**

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Revision Number 4

Sulfuric acid: 8hr TWA = 1 mg/m³, 15 min STEL = 3 mg/m³ Phosphoric acid: 8hr TWA = 1 mg/m³, 15 min STEL = 3 mg/m³

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Eyewash stations. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.













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Eye/face protection

Tight sealing safety goggles. If splashes are likely to occur:. Face protection shield.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls. Boots. Chemical resistant apron.

Hand protection

Protective gloves.

Respiratory protection

If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance No information available.

Color Dark brown Odor Characteristic

Odor threshold No information available.

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

None known pН <1 pH (as aqueous solution) No data available None known Melting point / freezing point No data available None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known Flash point Not applicable None known **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

No data available Vapor pressure None known No data available None known Vapor density Relative density 1.54 @ 20C None known Water solubility Miscible in water None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** No data available None known **Decomposition temperature** No data available None known Kinematic viscosity Not available None known **Dynamic viscosity** No data available None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity Reacts with alkalis.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Reacts vigorously with alkalis evolving heat. Corrosive to metals.

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Excessive heat. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents. Alkalis. Metals.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Oxides of sulfur. Phosphorus oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product InformationNo adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation Breathing in mists or aerosols will produce respiratory irritation. Corrosive to the respiratory

tract.

Eye contact Causes burns. Causes serious eye damage. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in

permanent injury.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Ingestion Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. Burning. Difficulty in breathing. Erythema (skin redness). May cause

redness and tearing of the eyes. Can cause corneal burns.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sulfuric acid	= 2140 mg/kg (Rat)	-	85 - 103 mg/m³(Rat)1 h
Phosphoric acid	= 1530 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2740 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 850 mg/m³(Rat)1 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes burns. Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard Not classified.

Chronic effects: Chronic overexposure to vapour, fumes or aerosols may produce adverse effects on the

lungs and erosion of the teeth.

Repeated overexposure to sulphuric acid may lead to chronic conjunctivitus, lung damage and dental erosion. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) have concluded that occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulphuric acid is carcinogenic to humans, causing cancer of the larynx and to a lesser extent, the lung. No direct link has been established with sulphuric acid, itself, and cancer in humans. Exposure to any mist or aerosol during the use of this product should be avoided and

exposure should not exceed the exposure standard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Sulfuric acid	-	LC50: >500mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =29mg/L (24h,
		Brachydanio rerio)		Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Mobility

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects High concentrations may harm aquatic life by the effect on pH.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. Dispose of contents/ container to an approved landfill.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 3264

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SULPHURIC ACID AND

PHOSPHORIC ACID)

Hazard class 8
Packing group II
Hazchem code 2X

IATA

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 3264

UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SULPHURIC ACID AND

PHOSPHORIC ACID)

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Packing group | |

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea: DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 3264

UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SULPHURIC ACID AND

PHOSPHORIC ACID)

 Transport hazard class(es)
 8

 Packing group
 II

 IMDG EMS Fire
 F-A

 IMDG EMS Spill
 S-B

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

<u>Australia</u>

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
4-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid - 98-67-9	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total
Phosphoric acid - 7664-38-2	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1

International Inventories

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

Legend:

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

Issuing Date: 29-Aug-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL

Maximum limit value Skin designation Ceiling

Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since The Supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Supplier representative or The Supplier at

the contact details on page 1.

The Supplier's responsibility for the material as shipped is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet