1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: EXEL DETONATORS (1.1B PACKAGING)

Recommended Use of the Chemical: Initiating system for explosive charges.

Supplier: Orica Australia Pty Ltd
ABN: 99 004 117 828
Street Address: 1 Nicholson Street
Melbourne 3000
Australia

Telephone Number: +61 3 9665 7111
Facsimile: +61 3 9665 7937
Emergency Telephone: AUSTRALIA: 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)
INTERNATIONAL AUSTRALIA: +61 3 9663 2130 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the “Other Information” section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Explosives by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

Classification of the chemical:
Explosives - Division 1.1

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

Hazard Statement(s):
H201 Explosive; mass explosion hazard.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking.
P240 Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.
P250 Do not subject to grinding, shock, friction, impact, electrical energy from extraneous source (lighting, static electricity, stray currents, galvanic electricity or electromagnetic radiation) or any form of heating.
P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Response:
P370+P380 In case of fire: Evacuate area.
P372 Explosion risk in case of fire.
P373 DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.

Storage:
P401 Store in accordance with AS2187.1 in a well ventilated magazine.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Product Description: The detonator assemblies consist of a length of plastic signal tube with an aluminium tube (detonator) at one or both ends. The detonator may be enclosed in a plastic connecting piece. The other end of the plastic tubing has a plastic connector which may also enclose a detonator. The plastic tubing is coiled and may be coiled on a reel. The signal tube has an internal dusting of HMX and aluminium powder. The detonator has a lead azide and PETN charge. It also contains a pyrotechnic delay element.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Proportion</th>
<th>Hazard Codes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)</td>
<td>78-11-5</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
<td>H200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium powder (stabilised)</td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
<td>H261 H228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine (HMX)</td>
<td>2691-41-0</td>
<td>&lt;0.3%</td>
<td>H201, H302, H311</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead azide</td>
<td>13424-46-9</td>
<td>&lt;0.3%</td>
<td>H200 H360Df H332 H302 H373 H400 H410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metal and plastic components and other non-hazardous components</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>to 100%</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Construction of the product normally prevents contact with explosive component, however, in the event of exposure:
For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation:
In the case of inhalation of blasting fumes: Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

Skin Contact:
If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with running water. If irritation occurs seek medical advice.

Eye Contact:
If in eyes, wash out immediately with water. In all cases of eye contamination it is a sensible precaution to seek medical advice.

Ingestion:
Get to a doctor or hospital quickly.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:
Treat symptomatically. Detonator assemblies are explosive - handle with care. Explosive material containing lead. Long term exposure to detonation fumes may result in lead poisoning. Shrapnel from detonation may cause burns, wounds and bruises - treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:
Do not fight fires involving explosives.

Product Name: EXEL DETONATORS (1.1B PACKAGING)
Substance No: 000023037401

Issued: 11/04/2018
Version: 8
Safety Data Sheet

Hazchem or Emergency Action Code: E

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:
Explosive material. Avoid all ignition sources. Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of aluminium and lead.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:
Explosive. Severe detonation hazard when exposed to heat. Confinement of material may result in detonation. Mass explosion hazard. In case of small fire where the actual explosive is not involved, carefully remove explosives to a safe distance, otherwise evacuate area immediately and allow to burn.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures/Environmental precautions:
Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

In the case of a transport accident notify the Police, Regulatory Authorities and Orica Australia Pty Ltd (Telephone: 1800 033 111 -- 24 hour service) and/or Orica New Zealand Limited (Telephone: 0800 734 607 -- 24 hour service) or Orica International: (Telephone: +61 3 9663 2130 -- 24 hour service Australia).

Personal precautions/Protective equipment/Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Collect and seal in properly labelled containers.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:
Detonators are explosive - handle with care. Do NOT subject the material to impact, friction between hard surfaces nor to any form of heating. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep out of reach of children.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:
Store material in a well ventilated magazine suitably licensed for Class 1.1B explosives. Store material in a well ventilated magazine suitably licensed for the explosives hazard classification. Do not store with other explosives products that have an incompatible explosives hazard classification (for example detonators must not be stored with blasting/high explosives). Protect containers from physical damage. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Lead, inorganic dusts & fumes (as Pb): 8hr TWA = 0.15 mg/m³
Aluminium (metal dust): 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m³
TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls:
When test firing, ensure ventilation is adequate and that air concentrations of components are controlled below quoted Exposure Standards.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Orica Personal Protection Guide information (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):
The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.

Containment of charge prevents exposure. Wear protective clothes, gloves and eye protection when handling. Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after work. DO NOT eat, drink or smoke in lead contaminated areas.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state:</td>
<td>Article</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour:</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour:</td>
<td>Odourless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility: Insoluble in water.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity: N Av</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Vapour Density (air=1): N App</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure (20 °C):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°C):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability Limits (%):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature (°C):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Volatile by Volume:</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in water (g/L):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point/Range (°C):</td>
<td>N App</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Point (°C):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sublimation Point (°C):</td>
<td>N App</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH:</td>
<td>N App</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Explosive.

Chemical stability: Detonation may occur from impact, friction, or excessive heating.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Explosive material. Explosion may result due to shock, friction, fire and other sources of ignition. Explosion creates the potential for shrapnel. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid exposure to heat. Avoid exposure to shock, friction, fire and other sources of ignition. Avoid build up of static electricity. Store away from explosive products.


11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The construction of these articles should prevent any chemical contamination. No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion: No information available.

Eye contact: May cause physical irritation.

Skin contact: Contact with contents may result in irritation. Shrapnel from detonation may cause burns and wounds to the skin and eyes.

Inhalation: Not expected to cause respiratory irritation (closed system). Inhalation of dust may result in respiratory irritation. Initiation can cause the presence of lead fume in air. Lead fume may be irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

Acute toxicity: No LD50 data available for the product.

Chronic effects: Long term exposure to low concentrations of lead (by any route) may result in blood effects, anaemia, central and peripheral nervous system damage, gastrointestinal disturbances, renal injury, foetotoxicity, developmental deficiencies in neonates and children, and testicular damage including decreased sperm count.

Exposure to explosive charge material unlikely. The main hazard is the possibility of exposure to lead fumes when initiation occurs in a poorly ventilated area. The effects of lead poisoning may not be apparent immediately but significant absorption over a period of time may produce adverse effects as noted earlier due to accumulation of lead in the body.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Avoid contaminating waterways. Contains lead compounds which can be harmful to the environment.
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:
Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations. Small quantities of damaged or deteriorated explosives may be destroyed by inclusion in a blast hole containing good explosive(s). For large quantities of damaged or deteriorated explosives notify Orica Australia Pty Ltd and/or Orica New Zealand Pty Ltd.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport
Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Explosives by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No: 0360
Transport Hazard Class: 1.1 B Explosive
Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: DETONATOR ASSEMBLIES, NON-ELECTRIC
Hazchem or Emergency Action Code: E

Marine Transport
Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No: 0360
Transport Hazard Class: 1.1 B Explosive
Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: DETONATOR ASSEMBLIES, NON-ELECTRIC
IMDG EMS Fire: F-B
IMDG EMS Spill: S-X

Air Transport
TRANSPORT PROHIBITED under the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air in Passenger and Cargo Aircraft, and Cargo Aircraft Only.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Classification:
This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

Classification of the chemical:
Explosives - Division 1.1

Hazard Statement(s):
H201 Explosive; mass explosion hazard.
16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd Toxicology & SDS Services.

Reason(s) for Issue:
5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS
Alignment to Safe Work Australia requirements
Alignment to GHS requirements
Alignment to HSNO requirements

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since The Supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Supplier representative or The Supplier at the contact details on page 1.

The Supplier's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.