SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 16-Jun-2021

Revision Number 4

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name i-kon (TM) II (1.1B)

Product Code(s) 000000009341

Other means of identification

Proper shipping name DETONATORS, ELECTRIC

UN number 0030

Synonyms i-kon II RX, i-kon II SNS, i-kon II TX, i-kon II X-414, i-kon II XT, i-kon II Extreme

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Electronic detonator. Restricted to professional users.

Uses advised against No information available.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

<u>Supplier</u>

Orica New Zealand Limited Street Address: Brunnings Road Carters Beach Westport, 7892 New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 3 788 8163

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard HSR100183

The 'Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations, 'Hazardous substances that require tracking' are applicable to this material.

Explosives Division 1.1 Category B

Label elements



Hazard statements

H201 - Explosive; mass explosion hazard

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep only in original packaging

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Precautionary Statements - Response

In case of fire: Explosion risk. Evacuate area. DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives

Precautionary Statements - Storage Store in accordance with local regulations Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on disposal/recovery/recycling

In the case of a substance that is in compliance with a HSNO approval other than a Part 6A (Group Standards) approval, a label must provide a description of one or more appropriate and achievable methods for the disposal of a substance in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017. This may also include any method of disposal that must be avoided.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

No information available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)	78-11-5	<1%
Lead chromate	7758-97-6	<0.1%
Lead azide	13424-46-9	<0.1%
Metal and plastic components and other	-	>=90%
non-hazardous components		

Additional information

Metal alloy tube closed at one end with a moulded plastic plug and attached electric lead wires at the opposite end. The detonator of the i-kon SNS assembly is housed in a plastic connected block.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Take a copy of the Safety Data Sheet when going for

medical treatment.

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

Inhalation In case of inhalation of blasting fumes:. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen.

Call a physician if symptoms occur.

Eye contact Not an expected route of exposure.

Skin contactNot an expected route of exposure. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

Ingestion Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms None known.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physiciansTreat symptomatically. Detonator assemblies are explosive - handle with care. Shrapnel

from detonation may cause burns, wounds and bruises. Explosive material containing lead.

Long term exposure to detonation fumes may result in lead poisoning.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Do not fight fires involving explosives.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Explosive. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Avoid stray currents. Risk of explosion by shock or heating under confinement. May explode from friction, heat or contamination.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Metal oxides. Lead oxides. Lead fume.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

In the case of a small fire, if actual explosive is not burning, carefully remove as much explosive as possible to a safe distance. However, if explosive is burning, evacuate area immediately and allow to burn. DO NOT fight fire. A major fire may involve a risk of explosion. An adjacent detonation may also involve the risk of explosion. Mass explosion hazard.

Hazchem code E

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, **Personal precautions**

sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction. Use personal

protective equipment as required.

Other information Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

> In the case of a transport accident notify the Police, Regulatory Authorities and Orica Australia Pty Ltd (Telephone: 1800 033 111 -- 24 hour service) and/or Orica New Zealand Ltd (Telephone: 0800 734 607 -- 24 hour service) or Orica International (Telephone: +61

3 9663 2130 -- 24 hour service Australia).

Explosive material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protection recommended For emergency responders

in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Keep out of waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and

waterways.

Handle with care. Use non-sparking tools. Ground and bond containers when transferring Methods for cleaning up

material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. Avoid contamination with

other substances. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle with care. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

> ignition sources. No smoking. Keep out of reach of children. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not allow radio transmitters near electric detonators. Do NOT subject the material to impact, friction between hard surfaces nor to any form of heating.

Wash hands before breaks and after work. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. **General hygiene considerations**

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store material in a well ventilated magazine suitably licensed for the explosives hazard

> classification. Do not store with other explosives products that have an incompatible explosives hazard classification (for example detonators must not be stored with

blasting/high explosives). Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Store in a cool, dry area away from potential sources of heat, open flames, sunlight or other chemicals. Store away from other materials. Protect from physical

damage. Keep/store only in original container. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible materials Incompatible with combustible materials. Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Workplace Exposure Standards

Lead, inorganic dusts & fumes, as Pb: WES-TWA 0.05 mg/m³, bio, 6.7B Suspected human carcinogen Lead chromate, as Cr: WES-TWA 0.05 mg/m³, 6.7B Suspected human carcinogen

Lead (inorganic) - Biological Exposure Index (in blood): 0.97 umol/L of whole blood. Lead (inorganic) - Biological Exposure Index (in urine): 1.5 umol/L (150 ug/L).

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

Carcinogen Category 6.7B - Suspected human carcinogen.

'bio' - Biological Exposure Index.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Hand protection Protective gloves.

Skin and body protection Overalls. Protective shoes or boots.

Respiratory protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateSolidAppearanceArticle.ColorMetallicOdorOdourless

Odor thresholdNo information available.

Property Values Remarks • Method

pН No data available None known No data available Melting point / freezing point None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known Flash point No data available None known **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressure No data available None known Vapor density No data available None known Relative density No data available None known Water solubility Insoluble in water None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known Partition coefficient No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** No data available None known No data available **Decomposition temperature** None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known None known Dynamic viscosity No data available

Explosive properties Explosive; mass explosion hazard.

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity Explosive.

Chemical stability

Stability Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition. Heating, particularly

under confinement, may cause an explosion. Detonation may occur from static electricity

discharge or mechanical/heavy impact, particularly under confinement.

Explosion data

Yes. Sensitivity to mechanical impact

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Explosion may result due to shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition. Detonation may

> occur from heavy impact or excessive heating. A major fire may involve a risk of explosion. An adjacent detonation may also involve the risk of explosion. Mass explosion hazard.

Explosion creates the potential for shrapnel.

Conditions to avoid

Heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Static discharge Conditions to avoid

> (electrostatic discharge). Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction. Do not subject to shock. Avoid contact with other chemicals. Protect from moisture. Avoid exposure to radio

transmitters (including mobile phones).

Incompatible materials

Incompatible with combustible materials. Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Metal oxides. Lead oxides. Lead fume.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this **Product Information**

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation Not an expected route of exposure. Initiation can cause the presence of lead fume in air.

> Test firing of detonators in poorly ventilated areas can cause presence of lead fume in air. Lead fumes may be irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Harmful: danger of

serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Eye contact Not expected to cause eye irritation.

Skin contact Not expected to cause skin irritation. Contact with contents may cause irritation or

dermatitis. Product is or contains a sensitizer. Shrapnel from detonation may cause burns,

wounds and bruises.

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.

None known. **Symptoms**

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Pentaerythritol tetranitrate	= 1660 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
(PETN)			

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritationNo information available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation No information available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity Not classified. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component

data.

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
Pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN) - 78-11-5		Group 2A
Lead chromate - 7758-97-6	Confirmed carcinogen	Group 1
Lead azide - 13424-46-9	Suspected carcinogen	Group 2A

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard Not classified.

Chronic effects: Long term exposure to low concentrations of lead (by any route) may result in blood effects,

anaemia, central and peripheral nervous system damage, gastrointestinal disturbances, renal injury, foetotoxicity, developmental deficiencies in neonates and children, and

testicular damage including decreased sperm count.

Exposure to explosive charge material unlikely. The main hazard is the possibility of exposure to lead fumes when test firing detonators in a poorly ventilated area. The effects of lead poisoning may not be appartent immediately but significant absorption over a period of time may produce adverse effects as noted earlier due to accumulation of lead in the

body.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Terrestrial ecotoxicityThere is no data for this product.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Pentaerythritol tetranitrate	-	LC50: =926mg/L (96h, Pimephales	-
(PETN)		promelas)	

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Mobility

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Contains lead compounds which can be harmful to the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste.

Small quantities of damaged or deteriorated explosives may be destroyed by inclusion in a blast hole containing good explosive (s). For large quantities of damaged or deteriorated explosives notify Orica Australia Pty Ltd and/or Orica New Zealand Pty Ltd.

Contaminated packaging

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous chemicals, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any chemical. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the chemical that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 0030

Proper shipping name DETONATORS, ELECTRIC

Hazard class1.1BHazchem codeE

<u>IATA</u> Forbidden

<u>IMDG</u> Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 0030

UN proper shipping name DETONATORS, ELECTRIC

Transport hazard class(es)1.1BIMDG EMS FireF-BIMDG EMS SpillS-X

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

New Zealand

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters **National regulations**

The 'Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations', 'Hazardous

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substances that require tracking' are applicable to this material.

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard HSR100183

Chemical name	New Zealand HSNO Chemical Classification
Lead chromate - 7758-97-6	6.6A,6.7B,6.8A,6.9B (All),6.9B (O),9.1A (All),9.1A (F)
	6.6A.6.7B.6.8A.6.9B (All).6.9B (O).9.1B (All).9.1B (F)

International Inventories

NZIoC Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **TSCA DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC KECL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **PICCS**

AICS All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 16-Jun-2021

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA (time-weighted average) STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) TWA STEL

Ceiling Maximum limit value Skin designation

Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since The Supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Supplier representative or The Supplier at the contact details on page 1.

The Supplier's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet